



## SUPERARITHMETIC GRAPHS

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A graph is called  $d$ -arithmetic ( $d$ -superarithmetic) if it admits a labelling of the edges by pairwise different (and consecutive) integers such that the vertex sums form an arithmetic sequence with the difference  $d$ . In this talk we will present some necessary conditions for  $d$ -arithmetic and  $d$ -superarithmetic graphs. We will also describe some constructions of  $d$ -arithmetic and  $d$ -superarithmetic graphs.