

## CRITICALITY IN SPERNER'S LEMMA

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Sperner's lemma states that if a labelling of the vertices of a triangulation K of the *d*-simplex  $\Delta^d$  with labels  $1, 2, \ldots, d + 1$  has the property that (i) each vertex of  $\Delta^d$  receives a distinct label, and (ii) any vertex lying in a face of  $\Delta^d$  has the same label as one of the vertices of that face, then there exists a rainbow facet (a facet whose vertices have pairwise distinct labels).

Tibor Gallai asked in 1969 whether Sperner's Lemma is 'critical' in the sense that for every triangulation K as above and every facet  $\sigma$  of K, there is a labelling satisfying (i) and (ii) such that  $\sigma$  is the unique rainbow facet. (The question is included as Problem 9.14 in Jensen and Toft's collection *Graph Coloring Problems.*)

In this talk, we show that the answer is affirmative for  $d \leq 2$  (as already proved by Gallai). For every  $d \geq 3$ , however, we answer Gallai's question in the negative by constructing an infinite family of examples where no labelling with the requested property exists. The construction is based on the properties of a convex 4-polytope which had been used earlier to disprove a claim of Theodore Motzkin on neighbourly polytopes.

Joint work with Matěj Stehlík and Riste Škrekovski.